F. D. Africa, 2101 DeLaney St.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne, used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage quite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers, at $1,00 in large bottles, and by Demas Barnes & Co., New York, Wholesale Agents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

S. T.---1860---X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid fever, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS, which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. ☞ See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. ☞Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk, is an impostor. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the U. S. Law, and will be so prosecuted by us. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters; from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns, swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the poll evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

For wind-galls, scratches, big-head and splint, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so common and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

"In lifting the kettle from the fire, it tipped over and scalded my hands terribly. * * * The Mustang Liniment extracted the pain, caused the sore to heal rapidly, and left very little scar.

CHAS. FOSTER, 420 Broad street, Philada.

Mr. S. Litch, of Hyde Park, Vt., writes: "My horse was considered worthless, (spavin,) but since the use of the Mustang Liniment, I have sold him for $150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here."

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, signed, G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and also has the private U. S. stamp of Demas Barnes & Co., over the top.

Look closely, and be not deceived by counterfeits.

Sold by all Druggists at 25, 50 cts, and $1,00.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair turning gray and falling off.
It restores hair upon prematurely bald heads.

This is just what Lyon's Kathairon will do. It is pretty—it is cheap—durable. It is literally sold by the carload, and yet its almost incredible demand is daily increasing, until there is hardly a country store that does not keep it, or a family that does not use it.

E. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Who would not be beautiful? Who would not add to their beauty? What gives that marble purity and *distingue* appearance we observe upon the stage and in the city belle? It is no longer a secret. They use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its continued use removes tan, freckles, pimples, and roughness, from the face and hands, and leaves the complexion smooth, transparent, blooming and ravishing. Unlike many cosmetics, it contains no material injurious to the skin. Any Druggist will order it for you, if not on hand, at 50 cents per bottle.

W. E. HAGAN, Troy, N. Y. Chemist.

Demas Barnes & Co., Wholesale Agents, N. Y

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Helmstreet's inimitable Hair Coloring is not a dye. All instantaneous dyes are composed of *lunar caustic*, and more or less destroy the vitality and beauty of the hair. This is the original Hair Coloring, and has been growing in favor over twenty years. It restores gray hair to its original color by gradual absorption, in a most remarkable manner. It is also a beautiful hair dressing. Sold in two sizes—50 cents and $1—by all dealers.

C. HELMSTREET, Chemis',

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flatulency, &c., where a warming stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere, at 50 cents per bottle. Ask for "LYON'S" Pure Extract. Take no other.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

July11, 1866—eowly

☞All the above articles for sale by S. S. SMITH, Huntingdon, Penna.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

WEN STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW FIRM.

BOYER & GARNER

Would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened a

NEW STORE AT GRANTSVILLE, (*Markleburg station*)

Consisting of Groceries of all kinds, Dry Goods, such as prints, muslins, de laines, &c.; Hardware, Queensware, and a large lot of Shoes at reduced prices; Hats, Caps, Tinware, salt, fish, wooden and willow ware, drugs and stationery, which they are prepared to sell at very low prices to those who will favor us with a call.

BOYER & GARNER.

Grantsville, May 16, 1866.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 18, 1866. NO. 3.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE

A BRIDAL SOLEMNITY.

You promish, now you goot man dare,
Vot stands upon the vloor,
To hab dish voman for your vife,
And lub her ebermore?

To feed her vell mit sour-crout,
Peens, puttermilk ant cheese,
Ant in all dings to lent your aid,
Dat vill promote her ease?

Yes, ant you, voman, standing dare,
Do pledge your vord dish day,
Dat you vill take for your hushbant
Dish man, and him obey?

Dat you vill bed and bord mid him—
Vash, iron, and ment his clothes;
Laugh ven he smiles, veep ven he sighs;
Don share his joys and voes?

Vell, den, I now, widin dese valle,
Mit joy and not mit grief,
Pronounce you both to be von mint,
Non name, von man, von peef!

I pooblish now dese sacret bants,
Dese matrimonial ties,
Before mine vife, God, Kate and Poll,
And all dese gazin' eyes.

Ant as do sacrit scriptures say,
Vot God unites togedder,
Let no man dare assunder put—
Let no man dare to sever.

And you, pritekroom, dare: here you stop!
I'll not let go your collar
Pefore you anshur me dis ting,
Dat ish—vere ish mine tollar?

A Frightful Tragedy in Indiana.

A Man Shoots a Woman Five Times, Beats and Tramples her under Foot, and then sets her Clothes on Fire.

On Friday morning, about 9 o'clock, a young man, by the name of Peter Dittman, formerly a veteran soldier, went to the house of Mr. Wm. Cash, in Edinburg, Ind., and on making inquiry for a Miss Martha Bennett, was told that the woman was in the house, when Dittman entered and passed through the front room, came to where Miss Bennett was sitting. Here a conversation commenced, which in substance, was about this:—Dittman requested Miss Bennett to take a walk with him, when she begged to be excused, stating that she had some washing to do. Here his demands became more peremptory, and Miss Bennett was seen to rise up and go toward Ditman (who, it seems from the testimony, had threatened to kill her,) and implore him in the most earnest manner not to do so, picturing to his memory how long she had loved him, and how she had sacrificed everything for him.

At this moment, witnesses testified that he pushed her from him with his left hand, and drawing a navy revolver, aimed it at her breast. She caught his arm and pushed it downward, the bullet passing through her thigh. Getting loose from her grasp, he again aimed at her breast, when she threw up her hand, and received the shot in the forearm. Rendered powerless, the murderer, without heeding her pleadings, went on with his hellish work.—Aiming at her head, the ball took effect near the ear. The fourth struck directly above the left eye. The fifth passed through the right cheek. Here he stopped firing, and commenced deliberately beating her with the revolver and stamping her with his feet.—Not yet having glutted his vengeance on the lifeless body, he deliberately set her clothes on fire!

It would be proper to state here that no person but Mrs. Cash and her little son were at home at the time, and Mrs. Cash's health was so delicate that it was some time before she could give the alarm for help. However, some ladies in the neighborhood came to her assistance, and succeeded in putting out the flames, after her body had become sadly burned, and her appearance too horrible for description.

The murderer, after having set fire to her clothes, passed out of a back door, and proceeded to a liquor saloon kept by a Mr. Mike Maffit, where he delivered up the revolver borrowed from Mr. Maffit, and asked for a glass of whiskey, on which he was seen to take from his pocket a small package, the contents of which were emptied into the glass and drank.

An overdose of arsenic, however, often results only in violent vomiting. Such was the case in this instance, and after a few hours Pete Dittman was all right and fully realized the extent of the crime he had committed. He was arrested by the City Marshal, P. H. Hart, without any resistance or attempt to escape. A coroner's inquest was held over the body at 2 p. m., and a verdict in accordance with the herein mentioned facts returned.—The prisoner was then taken before Esquire Thompson and found guilty of murder in the first degree. He was taken to Franklin this evening and placed in jail to await the further examination of the court.—*Indianapolis Herald.*

A WAR RELIC.—The Boston *Journal* says: "In a farm house near the Kennebec there hangs a frame and glass containing a piece of blue silk on which is a gilt star. Its history is this: A son of the family was one of the color guard of the 16th Maine regiment at the battle of Gettysburg. Finding that they were to be captured, and being unwilling that the flag should fall into the hands of the enemy, the guard tore it up and concealed the pieces.—The piece to which we have alluded was kept concealed by the young man during the time he was in rebel prisons, and when he was released he sent it home to his father who had it framed and glazed. The son was afterward mortally wounded at Hatcher's Run, and the family keep the piece of flag as a memorial of him."

[Correspondence of the Globe.]

From Harrisburg.

STATE CAPITAL HOTEL,
HARRISBURG, July 9, '66.

MR. EDITOR:—A few moments of leisure being at my disposal this beautifully pleasant morning, it occurred to me that they might not be entirely lost in having a little talk with the good people of Huntingdon county, through the columns of your widely circulated and ably conducted journal.

For the last few days the "city of brotherly love," has been the stage upon which many different acts have been performed. At least four changes of characters were there *modestly* represented, from the morning of the glorious fourth, until the following Friday or Saturday. The brave patriotic soldier, the noble disinterested fireman, the crafty, selfish politician, and the dishonest thieving pick-pocket, were all on hand, participating in the festivities. Of course the grand feature of the week's bill was the military display occasioned by the return to the state of the different riddled and tattered flags borne by her numerous regiments, on so many bloody fields, during the late unholy rebellion. This was indeed a display which caused the heart of every true lover of his country to swell with emotions of pride and satisfaction. As you have doubtless reviewed the Philadelphia papers, it is not necessary for me to refer, in detail, to the many interesting and thrilling incidents which transpired along the route of the grandest procession ever witnessed in the Quaker city. To the honest friends and admirers of our present most worthy chief magistrate, Gov. Curtin, however, permit me to say, that his appearance in an open barouche was hailed at every point with the wildest enthusiasm. That he occupies a place in the hearts of the honest man of Pennsylvania, second to no man who ever lived within her borders, was amply demonstrated by the cheers and applause which rent the air in Philadelphia on Wednesday, the 4th of July. At every point the devoted soldier's friend was recognized. Each and every of the many thousands who were in the procession, or thronged the pavements on either side, did not, perhaps know him personally, but all had learned to love him, and endeavored to show it.

Another very interesting feature of the day was the turn out of the soldiers' orphans, who are now the children of the Commonwealth, with Andrew G. Curtin as their God Father. It has been often said that Republics were ungrateful, but the appearance of these neatly clad little ones, as their young voices were poured forth in hozannas to the flag for which their fathers had shed their blood, indicated unmistakably that if such were true of Republics, it certainly was not of the good old Keystone State of our once happy and glorious Union. These lambs of the State, as the Governor has so often said, belong to the people for whom their noble sires died, and to them has been bequeathed the privilege of protecting, fostering and educating them. This sacred duty there is no doubt will be most religiously performed, and to Governor Curtin is due the credit of inaugurating the system by which so many children have been saved from leading a life of ignorance and poverty. That his life may long be spared, to occupy positions of honor and usefulness among those whom he has so devotedly served, should be the prayer of every friend of the widow and orphan throughout the length and breadth of the land.

The prospects of the Union party, and its gallant standard bearer, Gen. Geary, from all the signs, seem exceedingly promising. The honest voters of Pennsylvania always did, and always will sympathise with her gallant sons who have served their country on the field of battle.

During my brief stay in Philadelphia, it was my good fortune to meet several old and prominent citizens of your ancient borough. Among these I would mention A. W. Benedict, Esq., and Col. H. H. Gregg, both of whom have done the State distinguished service—the former with the pen, the latter with the sword. It is a subject of congratulation to their friends, to know that their services have been appreciated. The venerable looking printer, editor and lawyer, Benedict, has been frequently honored and rewarded by his political admirers, while the military department of the country has most fully acknowledged the worth and patriotism of our more youthful friend. Immediately upon his return home from college, Colonel Gregg was elected Captain of a company which was attached to the 125th regiment, P. V., (nine months men.) At the expiration of this term of service he received a commission as Captain in the 13th Pennsylvania, in which organization he remained until compelled by failing health, superinduced by hardships and exposure, to resign. This resignation being accepted Col. Gregg received an honorable discharge as well as an invitation to a position on the Governor's staff, which he is yet filling with credit to himself and advantage to the State. That he did his duty well in the field, is attended by the fact that the dashing, fighting General Phil Sheridan, twice recommended him for brevet promotions—the first time when he was a Captain for a majority, and again for a Lieutenant Colonelcy. To be thus endorsed by Sheridan, is an honor of which any soldier might be proud, as he never recommended undeserving men.

Should these hastily thrown together ideas be deemed worthy a place in your columns, you may hear from me often, during the summer and fall, from various sections of the Commonwealth, as I am something of a

TRAVELER.

[From the Pittsburg Commercial July 10.]

The Late Colonel S. W. Black.

Recovery of his Remains near Gaines' Mill Battlefield.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 7.

Major W. G. Moorhead.—Will Black and Captain Grider have found the Colonel's remains. J. K. MOORHEAD.

Will Black arrived in the city yesterday afternoon with certain evidences of the recovery of the remains in his possession. It will be remembered that in the battle of Gaines Mills, on the 27th of June, 1862, the Sixty-second regiment was ordered to the front. After getting into position, Colonel Black gave the command, "Forward, sixty-second Pennsylvanians," and ere the order had died upon his lips, he was struck in the forehead by a ball from the gun of a rebel sharpshooter. He fell from his horse, and was immediately picked up by his brother Will and others of the regiment. They conveyed him through the lines of the Ninth Reserves and Thirty-Fifth New York, to where Surgeon James Kerr was stationed. Here they left the body of the Colonel under some trees, they having been ordered to rejoin the regiment, which had been again ordered forward. The regiment shared the fate of the brigade, and was dispersed by the more numerous enemy. The territory in which the lamented Colonel Black's remains were deposited fell into rebel hands, and search could not be made for them until many months afterwards. It was supposed by the members of the regiment that the body had been interred by the rebels, but such proves not to have been the case.

Captain William Crider and Will Black, the only persons who remembered the spot where the Colonel was placed when removed from the battle field, proceeded thither in the early part of last week. They went over the ground as they did on the 27th of June, and underneath the trees where the body had been placed they found the bleached bones of the brave and chivalric Black, still held together by the remnants of his uniform. The body had never received burial. The lappels of the coat were perfect, as was also the front of the vest, on which remained the staff buttons. There was a peculiarity in the style of the coat, known to Will Black and others, which he immediately recognized. But the most conclusive evidence as to the identity of the remains was found in the coat pocket. This was the tattered remnants of a silk handkerchief, with red ground, and white barred border, the same the Colonel raised over the ramparts at Yorktown on its occupancy by our troops. Mrs. Black had purchased two handkerchiefs of the same pattern, and gave them to the Colonel on the commencement of the campaign. One of these was found among his effects, and has since remained with the family. The other he had on his person, and it was familiar to many of the regiment, for he had used it frequently in instructing his men how to make a tourniquet in case of being wounded in any of the limbs. The finding of the remains in the spot where they were left by his brother, and the identification of the handkerchief and the uniform, combine to assure the widow and relatives that their great anxiety has at length been relieved.

The remains have not yet been brought to the city, but will be sometime this week. The officers and men of the late Sixty second regiment will take immediate action relative thereto, and it is suggested that our citizens should also take some steps towards paying a last tribute to the memory of a distinguished citizen and brave soldier.

A BARBAROUS MODE OF EXECUTION.—A correspondent of the Bombay *Gazette*, writing from Baroda on the 19th May, says:

The salient incident of the week has been the execution, for treason, of a subject of the Guicowar. The punishment of dragging to death at the foot of an elephant was the one adopted. The matter has created a great sensation here, for the victim, though a Mussulman, was a man of much influence and standing. The crime is alledged to have been attempting the life of the Bhow Sahib—that is the commander-in-chief of the Guicowar's forces. This offence is reckoned as treason. Some time ago a similar execution took place as punishment for an attempt on the life of Rao Sahib, the Prime minister. That was thought little of, for there was doubt about it; the culprit cut right through the Rao Sahib's enormous *puggeree*, the thickness of which alone saved him. On the present occasion the attempt seems to have been confined to theory, and the people declare that the Mussulman was tortured till he confessed his intention, and then executed. He was dragged all through the city, and some say that a spark of life still remained in his battered body, and was crushed out by the elephant's foot. This is the regular mode of procedure, but I do not know whether it was necessary in this instance or not, for I need scarcely say that I did not go to see it. The people's reports are frequently untrustworthy, of course, but as there is no smoke without a fire, there is probably a considerable foundation for their story, which is that the real offence was in forming an alliance with a lady who had formed one of the Guicowar's collection, and was therefore sacred from the polluting touch of baser men. The pair, refusing to separate, were sundered by force, the chief criminal executed, and his partner's nose cut off. There was, I hear, an accomplice who was beheaded.

A Husband's Confession.

I never undertook but once to set at naught the authority of my wife. You know her way—cool, quiet, but determined as ever grew. Just after we were married, and all was going on nice and cozy, she got me in the habit of doing all the churning. She never asked me to do it, you know, but then she—why it was done in just this way. She finished breakfast one morning, slipping away from the table, she filled the churn with cream, and set it just where I couldn't help seeing what she wanted. So I took hold regularly enough and churned till the butter came. She didn't thank me but looked so nice and sweet about it that I felt well paid. Well, when the next churning day came along she did the same thing, and I followed suit and fetched the butter. Again, and it was done just so, and I was regularly in for it every time. Not a word was said, you know, of course. Well by and by this became rather irksome. I wanted she should just ask me, but she never did, and I couldn't say anything about it, so on we went. At last I made a resolve that I would not churn another time unless she asked me. Churning day came, and when my breakfast—she always got nice breakfasts—when that was swallowed there stood the churn. I got up, and standing a few minutes, just to give her a chance, put on my hat and walked out doors. I stopped in the yard to give her a chance to call me, but not a word said she, and so with a palpitating heart I moved on. I went down town, up town and all over town and my foot was as restless as Noah's dove—I felt as if I had done a wrong, I didn't exactly know how—but there was an indescribable sensation of guilt resting upon me all the forenoon. It seemed as if dinner time would never come, and as for going home one minute before dinner, I would as soon cut my ears off. So I went fretting and moping about until dinner time. Home I went, feeling much as a criminal must when the jury is having in their hands his destiny—life or death. I could not make up my mind how she would meet me, but some sort of a storm I expected. Will you believe it? She never greeted me with a sweeter smile, never had a better dinner for me than on that day; but there was the churn just where I left it! Not a word was passed. I felt cut, and every mouthful of that dinner seemed as if it would choke me. She did not pay any regard to it, however, but went on as if nothing had happened. Before dinner was over I had again resolved, and shoving back my chair I marched up to the churn and went at it the old way. Splash, drip, rattle—I kept it up. As if in spite, the butter was never so lone in coming. I supposed the cream standing so long, had got warm, so I redoubled my efforts. Obstinate matter—the afternoon wore away while I was churning. I paused at last from real exhaustion, when she spoke for the first time:—"Come Tom, my dear, you have rattled that butter milk quite long enough, if it is only for fun you are doing it." I knew how it was in a flash. She had brought the butter in the forenoon, and left the churn standing with the butter-milk in for him to exercise with. I never set up for household matters after this.

LAUGHABLE INCIDENT.—A correspondent of the *Cairo Times* writing from Jackson, Tenn., under date of the 27th ult., records the following ludicrous incident:

"A laughable incident occurred at the depot to-day. The train from Mobile brought up several barrels of shell oysters. A number of country negroes stood by, and never having seen oysters before, were somewhat astonished at the appearance of the bivalve. "Whar he mouf?" exclaimed one of the most inquisitive. How um eat, eh? golly! I tinks em nuffin 'cept bone "Yah! yah!" he continued, laughing at his own wit; "I spect some white man tink nigga a fool when he calls dat ting ister." Just then he discovered an open oyster, and seizing it eyed it closely. Not satisfied with the examination, he placed it to his nose, but sooner was that organ inserted between the shells than they closed; digger howled with pain, and called out: "Pull um off!" but the more the oyster was pulled the more it would not let go, and as poor Cuffee danced and yelled, his frantic efforts to rid himself of his uncomfortable nasal ornament were both ludicrous and painful. "Hid um wid a stick," suggested a buxom wench, and in a moment the oyster was knocked right and left with a hearty will, but Cuffee's head went with it. "Punch he tail!" cried a little nig, "and he sure let go!" But there was no tail to pinch, and poor Cuffee seemed doomed to wear the oyster for ever. At this moment an "intelligent contraband" whipped out a knife, and with it soon severed the oysters. Cuffee looked at the shells with amazement, and finding the oyster toothless, threw it away, with the remark, "Um got no teeth, but he gum it powerful."

"PA, said little Channing to his paternal ancestor, holding up a Sunday School picture book, "what's that?" "That, my son" gravely replied the father, "is Jacob wrestling with the angel." "And which licked, Pa?" innocently continued the young hopeful, Pater familias looked at him mildly but firmly, for a moment, and then suggested that he had better go and see if the chickens were not scratching up the garden.

☞The oldest piece of furniture in the multiplication "table." It was constructed more than a thousand years ago, and is as good as new.

Great Fire in Portland.

PORTLAND, ME., July 4—7 P. M.—A terrible fire is raging here, having destroyed Brown's sugar house, and is sweeping through the city before a strong southerly wind.

SECOND DISPATCH.

PORTLAND, 8 A. M.—The fire caught in the building above the sugar house, on Commercial street, and has swept northerly through that street into the wooden buildings between Center and Cross streets, consuming everything as it goes. J. B. Brown & Son's lost from $600,000 to $700,000; insured for $300,000. Stapler & Son's machine shop and N. P. Richardson & Co's stove foundry are completely destroyed. One steam fire engine has just come from Saco.

LATEST.

PORTLAND, ME., July 5.—The fire has completely swept through the city, destroying everything in its track so completely that the lines of the streets can hardly be traced for a space of one and a half miles long by a quarter of a mile wide. Many building, perhaps one hundred and fifty, were blown up to check the flames, but the inhabitants could scarcely do more than flee with their families to the upper part of the city, having such goods as they could carry. The custom house being fire proof escaped, though greatly damaged. The court records are probably destroyed. The splendid city and county building on Congress street, which was nearly fire proof, was considered safe, and it was filled full of furniture by the neighboring residents, and then it was swept away with all its contents. Half the city is destroyed, and that half includes nearly all the business portion, except the heavy business houses in Commerce street. All the banks and newspaper offices are burned. But three printing offices are left. All the jewelry establishments, wholesale dry goods stores, several churches, the telegraph offices, nearly all the stationery stores and a number of business places are destroyed. The fire is still raging below Cumberland street, working back to the westward, the wind having changed. Captain Henry Juman has telegraphed for 1,500 tents to accommodate the houseless families.

A correspondent of the Boston *Journal* writes from Portland:

The camp is situated upon one of the highest eminences surrounding the thickly settled part of the city, and from all its points there can be plainly seen the towering chimneys, the smouldering ruins and other sad reminders of what were once happy homes and scenes of thrift and industry. The condition of the poor unfortunates occupying the tented field is one truly deplorable. Many of them are scantily clad, and not a few have barely sufficient to secure them from exposure to the burning sun. The tents which they occupy are, in a few cases, furnished with a single bed snatched from the flames; and there is occasionally a stove and cooking utensils and a limited supply of broken furniture, all of which is highly prized by the occupants in this great and painful emergency.

In one of the tents which your reporter visited was a sick child, which its frantic mother said the doctors had pronounced beyond recovery, and in another was an old woman who had been driven almost to insanity in consequence of the excitement and grief in being deprived of a home which she had occupied in quiet and seclusion during the last twenty years. In another tent which was assigned to a family of four, there has been an increase to the number of five during the day, and all the occupants are getting along finely. In several of the tents there are cases of sickness, but the ills are generally those brought on by exhaustion and excitement, and under the care of the attentive physicians of the city they will soon recover. All are well provided with provisions, and supplies are constantly arriving in great abundance. The greatest need is clothing for the women and children.

The only standing building visible for a space of a mile and a quarter ahead, and a breadth of half a mile is the custom house and post office, and this is completely ruined.

There is, however, a small margin of cheap wooden dwellings spared on what is known as the "Back Cove." The jail was saved, although it was several times threatened with destruction, and the liberation of confined inmates was seriously entertained.

There is already a strife among some of the business men as to who shall have the honor of first rebuilding and engaging in business. The first part of the city likely to be rebuilt is Middle street.

HORRIBLE RETRIBUTION.—The Knoxville *Commercial* says:

"We have just been shown a private letter from Floyd county, Georgia, to one of our citizens, in which one of the most dastardly crimes is made known we ever chronicled. Three ladies were returning home from a visit to a neighbor, when a negro came upon them in a secluded out-of-the-way place, and attempted to detain them all. Two of them succeeded in getting away from him; the other one he took into the woods, and tied her, and kept her there two days without food, her friends finding her at the end of that time. The negro was caught, and the lady was asked what punishment she desired to have inflicted on this demon. She replied she wanted his arms cut off and then wished him skinned alive. The sentence was executed. The negro lived about ten minutes after the operation.

☞The drouth has dried the "waterfalls," so Prentice says.

TO MAKE COWS GIVE MILK.—A writer who says his cow gives all the milk that is wanted in a family of eight persons, and from which was made two hundred and sixty pounds of butter during the year, gives the following as his treatment. It is worth a trial.

If you desire to get a large yield of rich milk, give your cow three times a day, water slightly warm, slightly salted, in which bran has been stirred at the rate of one quart to two gallons of water. You will find, if you have never tried this daily practice, that your cow will give 25 per cent. more milk immediately under the effect of it, and she will become so attached to the diet as to refuse to drink clear water unless very thirsty, but this mess she will drink almost any time and ask for more. The amount of this drink necessary is an ordinary water pail full each time, morning, noon, and night. Your animal will then do her best at discounting the lacteal. Four hundred pounds of butter are often obtained from good stock, and instances are mentioned in the dairy statistics of England where the yield was even at a higher figure.

CARE OF YOUNG TURKEYS.—The first diet offered to turkey chicks, should consist of eggs boiled hard, and finely mixed, or curd with bread crumbs and the green part of onions, parsely, &c., chopped very small and mixed together so as to form a loose, crumby paste; oatmeal with a little water may be given. They will require water; but this should be put into a very shallow vessel, so as to insure against the danger of the chicks getting wet. Both the turkey hen and her chicks should be housed for a few days; they may then, if the weather be fine, be allowed a few hours' liberty during the day; but should a shower threaten, they must be put immediately under shelter. This system must be persevered in from three to four weeks. By this time they will have acquired considerable strength, and will know how to take care of themselves. As they grow older, meal and, grain may be given more freely. They now begin to search for insects, and to dust their growing plumage in the sand. At the age of about two months, or perhaps a little more, the males and females begin to develop their distinctive characteristics.—*American Farmer.*

THE KITCHEN GARDEN.—A suitable patch devoted to garden, and well attended, would produce more annually, than several times as much land to any other crop of the farm. Without the garden, the family must subsist principally on bread, meat and potatoes; in the spring, the system requires food of a somewhat different character—less stimulating, more cooling and juicy. Vegetables, fresh from soil, seem to supply this need, and in no way can they be procured so economically as from a well kept garden. Vegetables and fruits as a diet for most people, and especially for children, are recommended as conducive to health; it would, therefore, seem as if it were the duty of every farmer, especially, to raise sufficient vegetables and fruit to supply his own family at least one meal a day through the season, from the earliest vegetables in spring to the latest in autumn; but how often do we find it otherwise!—*Prairie Farmer.*

ACTIVE MANURE.—One of the most active manures and readily within the reach of the most farmers, is a mixture of leached ashes, plaster and night soil, mixed with fine soil. Let them be thoroughly worked over on a smooth spot, and allowed to stand a week before using, working it over every other day, and you have a most valuable manure at a trifling cost of time. A handful of this mixture in a hill is excellent to give corn a start.—Potatoes and garden vegetables generally feel it very quick. Hen manures is an excellent ingredient in such manures, but it should be well slaked with water before mixing with other substances.—*Maine Farmer.*

AIDING BEES IN THEIR LABORS.—If you want your bees to work in the boxes early, give them a good start by cementing a few pieces of clean white comb in each box. I have also found it of advantage to secure all the corners and cracks of the boxes with cement composed of one-fourth lb. of beeswax and three-fourths lb. of rosin. It may be melted and kept at the right temperature, by suspending a small tin dish over the chimney of a kerosene lamp. When the boxes are cemented and made tight, it saves the bees much labor, and they are able to get up the requisite heat for comb-building several days sooner. When a man once gets the "knack" of cementing boxes he can do it quite rapidly.—L. L. FAIRCHILD, in *Rural American.*

☞The great secret in butter-making, it seems, consists in attending to the following points:

1st. Securing rich, clean, healthy milk—obtained on rich pastures, free from weeds.

2d. Setting the milk in a moist untainted atmosphere, and keeping it at even temperature while the cream is rising.

3d. Proper management in churning.

4th. Washing out the buttermilk thoroughly and working so as not to injure the grain.

5th. Thorough and even incorporation of the salt, and packing in oaken tubs, tight, clean and well made.—Cleanliness in all the operations is of imperative necessity.

Judgment and experience in manipulating the cream and working the butter must of course be had.—*Willard.*

MAN and beast must rest one day in seven or else pay the penalty.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

Wednesday morning, July 18, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Maj. Gen. John W. Geary,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Political Movements.

It is evident that there is a political crisis near at hand when parties and men will experience some difficulty in defining their positions. For months the mere politicians, in high and low places, have had their dance pretty much to themselves and in their own way. Within a month or so several important State and National Conventions will be held, all called for the purpose, as is alleged, of advancing the best interests of the whole people and the whole country. Of course one party or faction of a party will contend that the country and the people can be safe only on its platform, and so with every other that may be sprung into existence for some weeks or months to come. As for ourselves we believe all radical parties, now that one war is over, are and will be a curse to our country. The people want peace and will go with that party most disposed to *keep peace* in an honorable way. If the radical notions of radical Republicans should be forced upon the country, we, conscientiously believing as we do, cannot expect peace to the country. Neither can we expect peace if the rebels or their sympathizers should get into power where they could have an opportunity to do mischief. There seems to be a necessity, at least the people outside of strict old party drill appear to think so, for a conservative organization State and National, a union of all men willing to cast aside old prejudices that our country may live and our people prosper. But there is a difficulty in the way of such an organization—the influential old party leaders would oppose it.

A convention is called to meet in Philadelphia on the 14th of August. Four Delegates will be received from each Congressional district to be taken from the supporters of Lincoln and Johnson in 1864, and a like number from their opponents. We have no doubt every district in the State will be represented, and represented too by many able and good men. What effect this new movement may have upon the old organizations it is impossible now even to guess. It may still further disorganize the Union party. It may completely disorganize the "Democratic organization." It may lay the foundation stone upon which may be built a great party. It may adjourn without accomplishing any good or any evil. The Convention is called for the purpose of sustaining Andrew Johnson's restoration policy, and as we are strongly that way inclined *as far as we understand it*, we shall not object to the body endorsing it. But we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are with Andy Johnson just so long as we believe his policy to fully restore the country to peace is better than any other that is or may be offered by Congress or any other body or party. If it should so happen that the continued persecutions heaped upon the President by Thad. Stevens, Forney & Co., should have the effect of forcing him finally out of the lines of the Union party and into the ranks of rebel sympathizers, we would then, most likely, take a back seat, as a choice of evils, and wait patiently for another clash of arms, the fruits of radicalism. We do not intend to unite with any set of men and assist in bringing upon our country another and more destructive war.

☞Had the Union soldiers known in 1861, or any time before the close of the rebellion, that they were fighting to free the negro, and to put him on an equality with the white man, they never would have shouldered a musket or tramped to the music of the Union, or fought for the preservation of the Government. And yet the Radicals are bold enough to say now, what they dared not to say two or three years ago, that it was a war against slavery. Our journal has always declared that the war was for the preservation of the Union, compact and entire, and we stand aloof from all who say it was a war to free the negro. Providence interfered at the right time, and slavery was abolished by His decree, but to say that the abolition of slavery was the prime object of the war is downright heresy. The conduct of the majority of Congress since the close of the rebellion only seems to verify their professions, for more efforts have been made to place the negro on an equality than have been made for the preservation of the Union entire, or than has been done for the brave white defenders of the Government.

If Andy Johnson should turn out of office all who are opposed to him, he would be doing nothing more than the radicals are doing wherever they have the power. Some of them even go so far as to refuse Johnson men seats in Union Conventions. Perhaps they may venture to go still further and refuse on election day to receive votes for Geary from Johnson men.

The Situation.

The question arises, who is to blame for the present unhappy state of affairs in the Government? The policy pursued by Mr. Lincoln and taken up by Mr. Johnson was not such as could create any separation, and the South at the conclusion of the rebellion immediately began to build up again. Manufactures were speedily reviving, and intercourse with the North was eagerly sought. The business men and planters of the South may have experienced a loss in their slaves, but they were beginning to hire them, and the negroes were getting used gradually to their new condition. But how was it when Congress assembled! What changes took place after it began to speak! The President didn't show enough partiality to the down trodden African race; they must be exalted to higher positions than hired men; they must be the Government's children, to be fed and pampered by it; they must receive an education at the expense of the Government; indeed, their interests must be looked to before the Union could be restored. Such were the declarations of the Radicals in Congress. The President would not heed their wild, fanatical screams for the negro alone, and checked their endeavors to lavish millions of the people's money on them. Then was it that Congress raised the cry which has been taken up by every man who fails to reason for himself, or is willing to be led by the nose by his party leaders.

This is what caused the unhappy feeling that now exists. When Congress interfered with the President in his honest and just administration of the Government, the effect was felt throughout the country. The activity in business circles of the South died away, and Northern men ceased to emigrate or hold any commercial intercourse with the South, not knowing what might be the result of the controversy. The slaves, too, began to assume a ridiculous dignity and ceased to work for wages, thinking the Government had engaged to keep them.

But the effects of the opposition of Congress to the President is felt also in the political field. Parties have split and are re-uniting; a new issue is raised every day, and honest men know not where their leaders would take them. We can see but two sides—one for the perpetuation of the Union entire and the other for the negro first. We have many parties but only one issue—country or no country. Under the standard of our country and our whole country, we are ready to battle.

Going the Whole Hog.

Forney, in his Washington *Chronicle* of the 2d inst., prepared the following whole hog indictment against the President. Read it:

"While he pardons the red-handed rebel he proscribes the pure-hearted patriot. While he calls for the tenderest treatment of the southern communities that filled the rebel armies he vetoes every measure intended to protect the rights and to promote the interests of the loyal people. As he melts before what he calls the sufferings of the southern people he never shows the slightest sympathy for the oppressed and friendless colored race. The doors that are thrown open for the admission of the organizers of the rebellion, as well in civil as in military life, are closed upon the great statesmen who gave their days and nights to the preservation of the cause of the republic. So complete is the transformation that if Jefferson Davis were now in the presidential chair clothed with imperial powers, to complete the mission of the rebellion, he could not more severely punish the men who opposed him or more generously reward the men who sustained him."

If Andrew Johnson needs a minute vindication against charges so transparently untrue as these unquestionably are, his work has indeed been vain. The country knows that every one of the imputations thus piled together is groundless. And the country will have no difficulty in discovering the animus or determining the moral authority of the journalist who prints allegations which are refuted in advance by the record of Andrew Johnson's service. Of course what Forney says, Robert McDivitt will swear to, and just such *stuff* is repeated weekly in the *Journal & American* and other such like papers.

The intelligent reader remembers very well that Thad. Stevens and others of the radicals who are now controling the majority in Congress, were as bitterly opposed to President Lincoln, as they are to President Johnson now. If President Lincoln was in the Executive chair to-day he would receive the same treatment from the factionists that Johnson and Seward are receiving. If Thad. Stevens had had control of the war power of the Government there would have been no declaration of peace until every white man, woman and child in the South had been cut down—so strong is his prejudices against slavery and the white population of slave States.

☞The State Central Committee of the National Union Party (new) for the State of Pennsylvania, will meet at the Washington House, Philadelphia, on Thursday, July 19th inst., at 12 o'clock.

A convention of Radical Union men from the Southern States will be held in Philadelphia, on the first Monday in September.

SENATOR COWAN.—Whatever may be said of Mr. Cowan, as to his adherence to the party organization that once claimed him as faithful in the harness, all reading men must admit that *he votes as he talks*. Unlike many other representatives at Washington who have spoken against radical measures and then voted for them, Mr. Cowan spoke and voted against them. For pursuing such a course, consistent with all honorable men, he is denounced by every radical in Pennsylvania. And where is Mr. Cowan on the great interest of Pennsylvania—the tariff? Last week the question was disposed of—*postponed until December*,—the most prominent radicals voting for a postponement, and Mr. Cowan and other conservatives voting for immediate action. The Tariff is one of the most important planks in the platform of the Union party, and just at the time the people expected important results from the passage of a bill demanded by the party, the radicals step forward and destroy the hopes of their constituents. Mr. Cowan remained true to the interests of Pennsylvania and true to the demands of the Union party, and he will not be forgotten for thus remaining true to the important interests of his constituents.

WILL CONGRESS SEE TO IT?—A friend of ours, says an exchange, who has lately returned from the south, where he has been making a tour of inspection and observation on his own hook, has been amusing us with an account of some of the incidents that came under his notice. Among other things referred to, he speaks of the great anxiety existing among many of the radical Yankee agents of the Freedmen's Bureau for a continuance and enlargement of this philanthropic branch of our National Government. It seems that these representatives of the land of wooden nutmegs have hit upon a very novel and ingenious way of making an honest penny—their cunning deception not being suspected by the ignorant and unsuspicious—for Government officers are presumed to deal fairly. This new artifice—this new method of raising the wind by these exemplary agents is—to combine and gather the freedmen together in large bodies—have them clipped like sheep—and the proceeds of the shearing is then baled up, shipped, and sold for the purpose of making *curled hair mattresses*.

WHAT HISTORY WILL SAY.—A writer of a sketch of Major General Meade in the *United Service Magazine*, to indicate the importance of the battle of Gettysburg, says the "Rollins Outlines" of a few centuries hence will dispose of out great contest somewhat after this fashion:

"Buchanan was succeeded by Lincoln, a wise and patriot ruler. During his Presidency the Southern States revolted. After several indecisive actions, Lee, the insurgent leader, was defeated at Gettysburg by Meade, who commanded the principal force of the Republic; the Southern territory was overrun by numerous armies; its ports were effectually blockaded; the slaves were declared free, and many of them enlisted in the national armies; and finally Richmond, the capital of the revolted States, was captured by Grant, the Commander-in-chief of the United States armies; and the insurgents were compelled to lay down their arms.—Lincoln was re-elected President, but was afterwards assassinated by an obscure actor."

POLITICS IN WASHINGTON.—The politicians in Washington are highly excited just now, and will no doubt continue in the same state for some time. The radicals want to head-off the President, and the President wants to head-off the radicals. The outs want to get in and those in dont want to get out of their fat offices. The speculators are on the look-out hoping for more chances to plunder, and the honest man is afraid of more serious trouble. The elephant is in the hands of the politicians and they will dispose of him as soon as they can get their tackle to work *harmoniously*.

☞The Radicals throughout the country are busily engaged in defaming the President. Not many months ago the same men now employed in this disreputable business distinctly announced that the President was the government, and that any abuse of the former was undeniable treason to the latter. Any person who wrote or spoke of the Executive except in a complimentary manner, was deemed by these worthies as fit only for imprisonment or exile.

It don't read well for the radicals to charge President Johnson with wanting power to play the tyrant, when it is known that had he signed the Freedmens' Bureau Bill he would have had an army of office holders and millions of money to use at his pleasure.

☞The old Democratic Club, of Washington, which has coalesced with the Johnson Club, was composed of men who sustained the war, and were not "Copperheads" as published by the Radical disorganizing sheets, in the interest of Stevens, Forney & Co.

A meeting of the State Central Committee of the Union Party will be held at the Monongahela House, Pittsburg, on Wednesday, August 7, at 5 o'clock, P. M.

A Clymer Soldier State Convention is called in Harrisburg on the 10th of August.

[From the Times.]

Conservative Elements in the Republican Party.

The coolness and persistency with which radical writers assume that the Republican party is as they would have it are at least amusing. Accept their word, and the Republican party is composed exclusively of radicals. Rank and file, body and soul, it is wholly and incontestably radical. And, of course, on this hypothesis, conservative Union men are mere interlopers in the party, to be summarily dislodged at the proper moment, and meanwhile to be treated as of no account whatever. This rendering of the case is, of course, convenient for those who employ it. To take for granted the identical points which are in controversy, and then to propound conclusions with the emphasis that attaches to axioms, is to avoid much trouble, and to acquire a pleasant and plausible importance. Thus, the radical press asserts its right to propound extreme views as for the Republican party, and to represent the radical majority in Congress as the only lawful inheritors of the faith that elected Lincoln, and gave to the Rebellion its quietus. One quality, and one only, is wanting to render this position invulnerable. It would be strong if it were true. It would be just if it were not at variance with the record. It would be proper if it were not likely to entail disastrous defeat.

The Republican party, as we have many times had occasion to show, was in its origin conservative, and so also it has been uniformly, in its formal utterances. The platforms upon which Mr. Lincoln was elected in 1860 and 1864 were in their essentials the very platform upon which conservative Republicans now help to fight the battle of the Union. They were conservative—not radical—platforms. The inaugural addresses of the Republican President were models of conservatism; search them from opening to close, and not a speck of radicalism is discoverable. The course of the President throughout the war was in every respect in harmony with the proclaimed purposes of the party that elected him, and with his own declared intentions.

It was conciliatory, moderate, conservative—looking to the earliest possible restoration of the Union as the single object of the war, and ignoring the idea of exclusion, disfranchisement, or confiscation as penalties to follow the assertion of national authority. The governing power in Congress manifested the same spirit. Its proceedings furnish no sign of hidden purposes of vengeance, or of the extreme opinions which now aspire to supremacy. On the contrary, the resolves of Congress, like the platforms and the inaugurals, set forth but one object, the restoration of the Union, and disclaimed all desire to abridge the privileges of the Southern people when they should be brought back to their old constitutional position in the Union.

Where, then, is the title of the radicals to the mastery? At what stage in the history of the party was its conservatism thrown overboard? At what period, and by whom were the Republican platforms adopted at Chicago and Baltimore discarded, the assurances of President Lincoln repudiated, and the resolutions of Congress overridden as destitute of authority? When, by whom, and with what authority were the moderate, constitutional principles of the party rejected to make room for the extreme opinions and measures which are arrogantly thrust forward in the name of the party? We shall be glad to have specific answers to these interrogatories, for they appear to cover the ground which is in dispute. If the Republican party really is the radical, disunion organization which not a few of our cotemporaries declare it to be, we want to know how, when, where, and by whom the change was perfected. We want to know when and through what lawful process the conservative elements of the party were driven out. For, with the party platforms conservative, and the twice elected President conservative, the right seems to be on the conservative side, and the onus of establishing title rests upon the radicals.

It is plain, moreover, that the conservative elements in the party will refuse to relinquish the rights they have acquired. In Iowa they have held a State Convention of their own, excluding the radicals, and constructing a platform upon which a strong National Union party may well be content to stand. In Misssouri something similar has taken place; in Indiana a movement is reported to be in contemplation; and there are reasons for believing that the struggle begun in the West will be extended to nearly every State in which the Union party has an organization. The record is too clear, the cause too just, the exigency too important to admit of a tame surrender of the position won by the party ere it had been divided by the violence of radicalism.

☞Postmaster General Dennison has resigned his position in the President's cabinet. His alleged reason for tendering his resignation was a difference of political views. Be this as it may, the gentleman has been tendered the nomination of U. S. Senator, and this looks as if he has been bought over by the radicals. Of course, he likes position too well not to bite at a fat bait. Other members of the Cabinet also intend resigning, but only those opposed to the President, who is waiting for their resignations to accept them and let them go. It will be far better for the President to have a wise, harmonious council than a disquieted one. There are good men left yet on the right side to fill the positions, and Johnson will find them among the *Union* Republicans and Democrats, as Lincoln did before.

☞Ex-Governor Randall, Deputy Postmaster, has been appointed by the President, Post Master General to fill the vacancy in his Cabinet occurred by the resignation of Mr. Dennison.

Mr. Randall was a Whig and an original Republican, an anti-slavery man and earnest supporter of the war,—and is the head and front of the Johnson Club in Washington, composed exclusively of Lincoln and Johnson supporters.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PROTHONOTARY.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—A Prothonotary is to be elected in October next, and we are happy to hear that Mr. J. RANDOLPH SIMPSON, of Huntingdon, is a candidate for nomination, subject to the will of the Union County Convention, and that his prospects for a unanimous nomination are almost certain. There could not be a better choice in the county, as he is an industrious young man, fully acquainted with the business of the office, and better than all, in a public officer, takes pleasure in accommodating and attending promptly to the business of those who have occasion to visit him. His claims are equal if not superior to any others, from the fact that he perfectly understands the very complicated business of the Prothonotary's office; is well versed in the laws of the land; and in the dark hours of our country's peril gave his all in defense of our sacred institutions, and to preserve untarnished the honor of our flag. The Union voters of Huntingdon county will ratify with pleasure his nomination.
July 18, 1866 JACKSON TWP.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

WM. LEWIS, ESQ:—It will be admitted that the lower end of the county is entitled to the nomination for Associate Judge. In view of this fact I would recommend the name of SAMUEL M'VITTY, Esq., of Clay township, to the attention of the voters, as a gentleman who is worthy and well qualified to perform the duties of the position.—Subject to the Union nominating County Convention.
July 8, 1866.* UNION.

MR. LEWIS:

I see in the Huntingdon *Journal and American*, the name of DAVID SNARE, Esq., made use of for the office of Associate Judge. I am pleased to see it—no better man in the county could be named, nor any more worthy. His long experience as a Justice of the Peace, his honesty and independence, fully qualifies him for that office. I have consulted with a number of persons on the subject, and find that he will secure a general support, if nominated by the Union Convention of this county. A SUBSCRIBER.
June 23, 1866.—tc.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

OFFICE OF THE OHIO BASIN OIL CO.,
Huntingdon, July 12, 1866.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Ohio Basin Oil Company and of the act of Assembly in such case made and provided, there will be sold at the Jackson House in the borough of Huntingdon

On Friday, the 10th day of August, '66,

at 10 o'clock, a. m; so many of the shares of the capital stock of said company, belonging to delinquent stock holders, as will pay the assessments heretofore made, of three and one-third cents on each share, with all necessary and incidental charges thereon. The assessments may be paid at any time before the day of sale.
jy18-td JOHN SCOTT, Treasurer.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY, S. S.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Solomon F. Finch, late of Huntingdon county, GREETING:

Whereas, Jemima C. Finch, by her next friend John O. Rouse, did on the 8th of January, 1866, prefer her petition to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county of Huntingdon, praying that for the cause therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you the said Solomon F. Finch,

We do therefore command you as before commanded, the said SOLOMON F. FINCH, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your own proper person before our Judges at Huntingdon at our county court of Common Pleas, there to be held for the said county on the second Monday of August next to answer the petition or libel of the said Jemima C Finch and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Jemima C. Finch, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth in such case made and provided, and hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable George Taylor, Esquire, President of our said court at Huntingdon, the 20th day of April, 1866. W. C. WAGONER,
jy18- Prothonotary.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY, S. S.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Thomas Hoover, late of Huntingdon county, GREETING:

Whereas, ANNIE HOOVER, by her father and next friend George Lees, did on the 15th November, 1865, prefer her petition to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county of Huntingdon, praying that for the cause therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you the said Thomas Hoover.

We do therefore command you said THOMAS HOOVER as before commanded, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your own proper person before our Judges at Huntingdon, at our county court of Common Pleas, there to be held for the said county on the second Monday of August next, to answer the petition or libel of the said Annie Hoover, and to show cause if any you have, why the said Annie Hoover, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth in such case made and provided, and hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable George Taylor, Esq., President of our said court, at Huntingdon, the nineteenth day of January, 1866. W. C. WAGONER,
jy11.4t Prothonotary.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni. Ex. to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, ON MONDAY, 13TH DAY of AUGUST, A. D. 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:

A farm, tract, or parcel of land situate in Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, Penna., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Daniel Logan, east by Rock Hill Furnace, south by William Lairds and on the west by Hugh L. Cook, containing one hundred acres, more or less, seventy-five of which are cleared, the balance in timber with log house and log barn thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George D. Eyster.

Also—All that certain lot of ground situate in McConnellstown, in the county of Huntingdon, Penna., bounded and described as follows: On the north and east by lot of Wilson B. Watson, on the south by public road and west by lot of Wilson B. Watson, containing 26¼ perches and having a house and other buildings thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry Smith.

Also—About 50 acres of land, more or less, situated in West township, bounded and described as follows: Adjoining lands of Miles Lowis on the south, Robert Moore on the west, John Maffit on the east, with two log houses and log barn. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Asbury Ewing and Saml H. Ewing.

Also—All the right, title and interest of defendant in and to the following described tract, piece or parcel of land situate in West township, containing fifty acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Miles Lewis on the south, Robert Moore on the west and John Maffit on the east, having thereon erected two log dwelling house and a log barn. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Samuel H. Ewing.

Also—All that certain lot of ground situate in McConnellstown in the county of Huntingdon, Penna., bounded and described as follows: On the north and east by lot of Wilson B. Watson, on the south by public road and west Wilson B. Watson, containing 26¼ perches and having a house and other outbuildings thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Henry Smith.

Also—Five vacant lots of ground in Coalmont, Nos. 104, 105, 139, 140, 141, also 38, with plank frame house 50 feet by 24, two stories high, being on the corner of Shell and Evans street, with a stable and other outbuildings.

Also, lot No. 39 adjoining the above named lot, fronting on Evans street, with two story frame house, stable and other outbuildings.

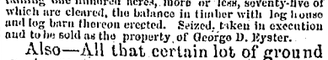
Also, 214 acres of land in Carbon township, known as the Diggins tract, bounded by lands of Joseph Diggins and Huntingdon & Broad Top, with a house and barn, about 50 acres cleared, the balance in timber. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Levi Evans and Mary his wife and James Anderson and Jane his wife

Also—The following described lot in the borough of Coalmont, Carbon township, to wit: Adjoining —— Wilson on the east, —— street on the west, Shell street on the north, No. —, with a frame house and frame stable, containing 50 feet front with 150 back.—Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Thomas H. Fagan.

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS.—Bidders at Sheriff's Sales will take notice that immediately upon the property being knocked down, fifty per cent. of all bids under $100, and twenty-five per cent. of all bids over that sum, must be paid to the Sheriff, or the property will be set up again and sold to other bidders who will comply with the above terms.

If court continues two weeks deed acknowledged on Wednesday of second week. One week's court, property knocked down on Monday and deed acknowledged on the following Saturday. JAS. F. BATHURST, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Huntingdon, July 10, 1866.



READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

JUNE 11, 1866.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 8,10 and 9 05 A. M., and 2 10 and 9,15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R. R, arriving at New York 6,00 and 10 10 A, M., & 4,10, 5,20, 10 45 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 15 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 10 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 20 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 7 & 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 3 P.M.; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 20 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 30 P. M., stops at all stations: Pottsville at 8,45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 11,30 a m, and 1,05 P M; Tamaqua at 9.45 A M., and 1 and 8 55 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,00 a m.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.00 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5,00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 45 a m., 12 05 and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8.00 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running to Reading, Pottsville 8 00 A. M., Tamaqua 7.30 A. M., Harrisburg 9 05 A. M., and Reading, 1 33, 7 30 a. m., for Harrisburg, 10,52 a m., for New York, and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, June 25, 1866. *General Superintendent.*

☞For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday, the 13th day of August next, (1866,) to wit:

1 The account of George Ilitz, Administrator of Malinda Clark, late of Tod township, deceased.

2 The administration account of Elizabeth Stone and Jacob Stone, administrators of Adam Stone, late of Hopewell township, deceased.

3 Account of Abraham States, executor of Nancy Lloyd, late of Walker township, deceased.

4 Account of Andrew Brumbaugh, administrator of Abraham Brumbaugh, late of Hopewell township dec'd.

5 Final administration account of J. Elliott Harper and A. S. Harper, Executors of William, late of Dublin township, deceased.

6 Account of Samuel Steffey, administrator of Samuel Wilson, late of Jackson township, deceased.

7 Account of George W. Roller, administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo of Jacob G. Huyett, late of Porter township, deceased.

8 Partial account of William Madden, administrator cum testamento annexo of Jacob Booher, late of Springfield township, deceased.

9 First and final account of William Madden, Trustee to sell the real estate of Richard Madden, late of Clay township, deceased.

10 The account of John Long, Guardian of Adaline C McKinstry, daughter of Samuel McKinstry, dec'd, who is now of age.

11 The account of John Eyer and David Eyer and David E. Myers, administrators of Samuel Myers, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.

12 Account of Eliza McConeaghy, administratrix of Andrew McConeaghy, late of Cromwell township, dec'd.

13 The account of Charles W. Steel, administrator of Elizabeth Steel, late of Union township, deceased.

14 Administration account of William A. Whittaker and John A. Whittaker, administrators of Thomas Whittaker, late of Porter township, deceased.

15 Administration account of John Foster, administrator of Thomas Ewing, late of West township, deceased.

16 Account of John Madden, administrator of Richard Madden, late of Springfield township, deceased.

17 The final account of Dr. John McCulloch, guardian of Joseph W. Cunningham and Mary M. Cunningham, minor children of James A. Cunningham, deceased, the said Joseph W. Cunningham being now also deceased, and the said Mary M. Cunningham having attained her majority.

18 The partial accounts of Dr. John McCulloch, guardian of John M. Cunningham and Sarah E. Cunningham, minor children of James A. Cunningham, deceased.

19 The account of John W. Mattern, administrator of Rebecca Fink, who was the widow and administratrix of Solomon Fink, late of Penn township, deceased.

20 The account of Anthony Park, administrator of Jacob Showalter, deceased.

21 The account of J. A. Nash, administrator of Charles S. Black, deceased.

22 Account of Geo. W. Kessolring, Trustee to sell Real estate of John States, late of Clay township, deceased.

DANIEL W. WOLMELSDORF,
Register's Office, } Register.
Hunt., July 14, '66.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Inventories of the goods and Chattels set to widows, under the provisions of the act of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county and will be presented for "approval by the Court" on Monday the 13th day of August next, (1866,):

1. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Wm. Dean, late of Hopewell twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Sophia Dean.

2. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of James Gillam, late of Union twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Margaret Gillam, under the act of Assembly of 1851.

3. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Charles W. Hawdy, late of Jackson twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Sarah A. Hardy.

4. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Robert Lee late of Penn township, deceased, set apart to Margaret Lee and Rachel Lee minor children of said deceased.

5. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, which were of Samuel M. Stewart late of Jackson twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Sela Stewart.

6. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Alexander Coulter, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Jane Coulter.

7. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Malion Spanogle, late of Warriorsmark tp., deceased, set apart to his widow.

8. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, which were of Benjamin Figart, late of Morris twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Caroline Figart.

9. The supplemental Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Abram Ramsey, late of Springfield township, deceased, set apart to his widow Elizabeth Ramsey.

10 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, which were of J. J. Fee, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, set apart to his widow Julia Ann Fee.

11 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Philip Bousleugh, late of Porter twp, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Bousleugh.

12 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John Miller, late of Shirley township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Miller.

13 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John Ambrose, late of West township deceased, set apart to his widow.

DANIEL WOMELSDORF,
July 18, 1866. Register.

NOTICE

ALL persons indebted to or having accounts with the firm of T. & D. Norris, in the tanning business, at McConnellstown, are informed that the books are now in the hands of Luden Norris for settlement. T. & D. NORRIS.
McConnellstown, July 10,4t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HORACE GREELEY'S
HISTORY OF THE WAR,
"THE AMERICAN CONFLICT."

Upwards of 100,000 Copies Sold.

The high character of this work has gained for it among the distinguished men and leading journals of all parties, a reputation accorded to no other History of

THE GREAT CIVIL WAR.

As a complete, lucid, impartial and authentic record of events, marked throughout by great care and discrimination, it has no rival.

From the Cincinnatti Enquirer.

It is of course a history from a standpoint of observation far distant from our own, and from that of the Democracy generally; but it is marked by much less prejudice, and is disfigured by far less partisan feeling, than most of our friends would imagine. It contains a vast amount of information, and is altogether superior to any volume on the subject that has yet appeared.

From the North American Review.

He writes without passion, making due allowance for human nature in the South as well as the North.

From the New York Daily News.

Joshua R. Giddings, J. T. Headley, J. S. C. Abbott, Lossing and Horace Greeley have all published the first parts of a history of the war; but of these, no one has been so successful as that of Mr. Greeley, nor is worthy the same attention.

From the (London) Westminster Review.

It is temperate, and gives way to no vituperation, although thoroughly in earnest, and if we may admire the industry which has enabled the editor of the leading newspaper in America to do this at such a time, we may still more admire the spirit of fairness and directness which characterize this very valuable work.

From the New York World.

MR. GREELEY AS A HISTORIAN.—He has few equals as a writer of vigorous English. He is terse, racy, direct, going straight to the heart of the subject as it presents itself to his view, hitting it off occasionally by a dash of grotesque humor, but more frequently irradiating it with gleams of shrewd, homely sense.

From the Boston Pilot.

We recommend the perusal of "The American Conflict" to those who do not intend merely to talk about matters and things, but who wish to speak rationally and from conviction. O. D. CASE & CO., Publishers,
Hartford, Conn.
my23

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 PINE street, PHILADA. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country, can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. mh21866-1y

NOTICE TO TAX COLLECTORS.

You are requested to collect and pay over to the Treasurer, as great an amount as you possibly can by the August Court. Money is needed for the current expenses of the county. Be careful to receive no notes but greenbacks or the notes of national banks, as none others are received on deposit by the bank at this place.

By order of the Commissioners,
HENRY W. MILLER, Clerk.
July 2, 1866.

MILNWOOD ACADEMY,
SHADE GAP,
Huntingdon Co., Pa.

A SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The next session of this Institution will open, TUESDAY JULY 31st., and continue for a term of eleven weeks.

The large attendance during the last term is an evidence that the efforts being made, are duly appreciated. This School is recommended for its cheapness, and particularly for the healthfulness of the situation. It is connected with Mount Union, a station on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, from which it is distant seventeen miles, by a daily line of Stages. No efforts will be spared to make it one of the first schools of the land.

TERMS.—Boarding, Tuition and Room Rent, per session of eleven weeks, $45,00. One half at the commencement, and the balance at the close of the term. Music Extra.

For further particulars address,
W. A. HUNTER, Principal.
Shade Gap, Huntingdon Co., Pa.
July 2, 1866.

$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. F. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. ce :201865-1y

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at
CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD, Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it! and you will have no other. Manufactured only by
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,
No. 137 Nth. Third st., Philada.
jan21-1y

SALES.

PRIVATE SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

I will sell at private sale, the following Real Estate:

No. 1. The FARM on which I now live, called "Bellemeade," lying in Morris township, Huntingdon county, Pa., bounded by lands of H. Bridenbaugh, Hugh Seeds, and others, containing, with the mountain tract, about

362 ACRES,

This farm is prime limestone land, about 112 acres cleared, well cultivated, under good post and rail fence, and the balance finely timbered with white, red and rock oak, and chestnut. It has a good stone and frame dwelling house, bank barn, stone spring house, with a never failing spring of the very best water, wagon shed, corn crib, and other buildings, three orchards of apples, peaches and pears. Lies but a short distance from Spruce Creek

No. 2. A tract of 60 Acres of fine Limestone land, in Franklin township, adjoining lands of D. Shultz, Union Furnace, and the Little Juniata, 20 acres cleared and in clover; balance in Locust timber.

No. 3. A LOT OF GROUND, in Morris township, and the whole of Sugar Island, opposite No. 2, containing about 2 acres, adjoining land of R. Tussey.

Terms will be made known by the subscriber,
ap18-3m* BENJ. F. WALLACE.

LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers have some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Marklesburg station, which they will sell at low price, from $30 to $100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices.
Grantsville, my16. BOYER & GARNER.

WARM SPRINGS.

THIS SUMMER RESORT
IS NOW OPEN,

and in splendid order.

The Bathing Facilities

were never so fine, the Bowling Alley is one of the best to be found, and a new Billiard Table has just been put up. No effort has been spared to secure the comfort of visitors.

Pleasure seekers are invited to call at the Springs—only five miles from Huntingdon, over a good road.

The TABLE is furnished with the best that the market affords, and every attention is given to please even the most fastidious.

Parties from the surrounding towns are cordially invited to visit the Springs.

W. J. GEISSINGER,
Proprietor.

☞Hacks run daily, morning and evening, except Sunday, from Huntingdon to the Springs.

June 23,-tf.

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE
IN HUNTINGDON.

NEW GOODS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEEN

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, July 18, 1866.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Delegate Elections.

The voters of the Union Party are requested to meet at the usual places, on Saturday, the 11th day of August next, at six o'clock in the evening, in the townships, and 7½ o'clock in the boroughs, for the purpose of electing delegates to a county convention to be held at the Court House in Huntingdon, *on Tuesday, the 14th day of August*, at two o'clock, P. M., to nominate a ticket and transact such other business as the interests of the party may require.

A. H. BAUMAN,
July 9, 1866. *Chairman Co. Com.*

Brief Items.

—The Broad Top City Hotel is doing a fine business. It is said to be a very pleasant place these *hot* days.

—The Fishers' new store building presents a bold business appearance.—It is a decided improvement.

—A little son of Mr. John S. Zook, of Gaysport, Blair county, fell into the river, on Saturday, and was drowned.

—An inmate of the Blair County Poor House committed suicide a few days since by tying a handkerchief around his neck and choking himself.

—What a rush there has been for several nights past to get ice cream and water ice at neighbor Thomas'.—The visitors appear to know what is good and where to get it.

—Mr. Kinney McCahan has almost completed repairs to his house on Washington street. It has been painted a lively color outside and inside, and presents a very comfortable appearance. He will move in this week.

—It is understood that Rev. Mr. Kieffer has accepted the call of the German Reformed congregation of this place. The church has cause for congratulation in having secured the services of such an able divine.

—Mr. Henry Leister is making preparations to build a large three story brick house, on the south-east corner of the Diamond. This will be just the thing to take the place of the old red house, and to set off the so-called Diamond.

—The Warm Springs are doing a fine business this summer. It would be one of the best watering places in the State if a few thousand dollars more of improvements were added.—As it is, a visitor can make himself decidedly "at home."

—The Tuscarora base ball club, at Academia, Juniata county, publish a challenge to any club along the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Address Eph. Datesman, Secretary. That club wants to get scientifically beaten by the Socials, or any other "boys."

—*The athletic skill of our boys* was well shown on Saturday last in a match game between the first and second nines of the Spartan base ball club.—Notwithstanding the thermometer stood at 98° the youths played with commendable energy. The second was beaten, the score standing at the conclusion of the 9 innings—29 to 53.

—Christopher Medara, now residing in Hollidaysburg, but formerly of Blair Furnace, Blair county, is one of the heroes of the country. He gave six sons to the armies of the Union, of whom five died or were killed in service, and the sixth one was wounded and discharged on account of wounds received in battle, and was for a long time totally disabled.

—The Social Base Ball Club at a recent meeting resolved to erect seats on the grounds for the accommodation of spectators of a match game. A small pittance of 10 cents will be charged each person admitted to a seat. The Socials talk of playing one or more match games this month. A challenge from the first nine of the Juniata of Hollidaysburg is accepted.

—The Warm Springs are doing a fine business this summer. It would be one of the best watering places in the State if a few thousand dollars more of improvements were added.—As it is, a visitor can make himself decidedly "at home."

—The Board of Water Commissioners of Hollidaysburg borough resolved, in pursuance of an act of Assembly, to borrow forty thousand dollars for the purpose of erecting water works. The necessity for Water Works in this borough is felt just as much as in that, and our borough fathers should take up the subject at once. Such unforeseen occurrence like that at Portland will befall any town not fully prepared to meet it. Let us have water-works.

—A contributor to the last Bedford *Inquirer*, writing from Bloody Run, under date of June 30, 1866, pays the following worthy compliment to our string band: "Our town received a rare treat yesterday. The Huntingdon String Band led by B. M. Greene, Esq., paid us a visit and interspersed the exercises of Prof. Long's exhibition with most excellent music. Mr. Long was fortunate in having secured the services of the best band in this section of the State. After the exhibition a number of our citizens were called upon and serenaded by the band and it was only when the night was far advanced that it ceased to bestow its compliments."

The Boys in Blue Speak.

The publication of the following handsome endorsement of our humble self has been requested and we comply. The brave boys, we believe, are citizens of Hopewell and Penn townships. No doubt the next movement of the League will be the "reading out" of the boys who have signed the letter.

To William Lewis, Esq., Editor of the Globe:

We feel that the soldiers of Huntingdon county owe you a debt of gratitude for your devotion to them and the cause of the country through the late war. In the darkest hours of the rebellion your patriotism never wavered, and while we were away from home, fighting treason in front of an armed foe, you stood faithful to us and the national cause with a courage that knew no fear.

Disregarding former party ties and organizations, you gave your means and your paper to the support of the war and the brave men who were periling their lives for the integrity of the Union.

Knowing and feeling this, it is with deep regret that we have read the recent proceedings of what is called the "Geary League" of this county. We are sorry that a few of our soldiers, who have escaped rebel bullets, are now in the hands of a clique of politicians, who know no motive higher than their interest, and whose patriotism extends only to the loaves and fishes." In the desperate effort of these worn out political tricksters to control conventions and secure nominations, they are willing to abuse and traduce the men who have remained most faithful to the soldier during the war, and while professing great love for "the boys in blue," they oppose every effort to reward worthy soldiers with civil office. We cannot forget that the three crippled soldiers now holding positions of honor and profit in this county, were all nominated over the most determined opposition of the very clique that is now using the Geary League to slander you.

You stood for the soldiers against the politician, and the generous heart of the people went with you. We thank you for what you have done for the soldier, and we trust that you will again be able to rout the miserable faction that are attempting to use the heroes of the war for their selfish and heartless purpose.

We assure you that the work of the *political tricksters in trying to have* the Geary League denounce you is an outrage upon the true soldiers of Huntingdon county, and will be, as it deserves to be, overwhelmingly rebuked by them.

A. J. BEAVER,
J. M'LAUGHLIN,
P. M'LAUGHLIN,
JOHN FLENNER,
WILLIAM REED,
A. N. CAMPBELL,
J. H. ISETT,
B. H. GROVE,
T. H. GILL,
LAWRENCE S. SWOOPE
D. N. GARNER,
AMOS ABBOTT,
ALLISON ABBOTT,
VAL. GILBAUGH,
BENJAMIN COBLE,
JACOB HARKER,
H. H. SUMMERS,
M. G. BEAVER,
CHRISTIAN FOUSE,
SAMUEL H. GROVE,
JACOB AUMAN,
WILLIAM MORGAN,
HENRY SHULTZ,
ANTHONY SHULTZ,
JOHN FOUSE,
SAMUEL S. FOUSE,
D. H. FISHER,
THOMAS HICKS,
JOHN FULTON,
GEORGE W. SHONTZ,
ROBERT B. SMITH,
SAM'L. MORNINGSTAR,
OLIVER W. CLOPPER,
WASH. CUNNINGHAM,
JACOB C. LYNN,
GEO. BURKHOLDER,
JOHN MEYERS.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Fatal Accident.

It becomes my painful duty to inform you of an accident, that occurred near Alexandria, by which we are deprived of one of our most useful and respected citizens. On Wednesday 11th inst., Mr. John Dysart was engaged in hauling timber to his mill, having unloaded the logs he started for another load when by some means unknown he was thrown from his wagon when he had gone but a few rods. He was taken up almost immediately insensible, with his scull badly fractured and other serious injuries. He lingered till Friday, 13th, when he expired. The loss of such a man as Mr. Dysart will be severely felt in this community. He was a man of stern integrity and of much energy of character. He was a consistent member and respected officer of the Presbyterian Church, and though struck down in the prime of life and usefulness, we would desire to bow in humble submission to the will of Him that doeth all things well, trusting that our loss is his eternal gain. God grant that those who are thus sorely bereaved by this dispensation of His providence may receive that consolation which the God of grace and comfort alone can pour upon the wounded spirit, and may they and their many sympathizing friends be enabled to say, "Thy will be done."

D. F. T.

ALEXANDRIA, July 16, 1866.

HUNTINGDON, July 12, 1866.

Wm. H. DeArmitt, Agent North American Transit Insurance Co., of Philadelphia:

DEAR SIR:—Permit me, through you, to present my thanks to the officers of your Insurance Co., for promptness with which they met my claim on annual policy, and one day ticket, for disabling injury received by spraining tarsal joint of the right foot, and be assured gladly will I recommend your Company to the consideration of my friends, having realized the substantial sympathy of $51 44 for the nine days I was disabled.

Truly yours,
jy18* JAS. C. CLARKE.

☞WM. A. M'CORMICK can insure you against all kinds of accidents for 25 cts. for $5000. Apply at Penna. Railroad Depot.

COURT AFFAIRS.

AUGUST TERM, 1866.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1866, under the hands and seal of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Benj. F. Patton and Anthony J. Beaver, *his associates*, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 13th day) of August next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 10th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and the 90th year of American Independence.

JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff.*

TRIAL LIST.
AUGUST TERM, 1866.
FIRST WEEK.

Com. of Penna. ex relations David F. Tussey.	vs John B. Tussey.
Jane Ann Speer	vs William Bennott.
Adolphus Patterson	vs Isaac Zimmerman.
John Dougherty	vs Wm. S. Entrekin, Gar.
Moses Robinson, for use	vs Wm. Porter's admr's.
George Sturk	vs Dell & Orbison.
John Trees	vs Same.
Moses Mock	vs G. Dorsey Green
Joseph Kemp	vs Same
John M. Stoneroad	vs Geo. W. Owens, with not
H. Bucher Swoope	vs John R. Flanigan
James McIlduff for use	vs Jno. Hamilton, with not.
B. M. Jones & Co.	vs James Clark's admrs.
Robert Gill	vs John O'Neill
The county of Huntingdon	vs A. S. Harrison et al

W. C. WAGONER, Prothonotary.

GRAND JURORS.

Jackson Beaver, farmer, Penn
Wesley Crotsley, farmer, Cass
Daniel Conrad, farmer, Franklin
Francis Campbell, farmer, Shirley
John R. Dean, farmer, Juniata
Jacob Eastep, laborer, Union
Jacob Goodman, mill-wright, Brady
Joel Kauffman, farmer, Brady
Robert King, tailor, Huntingdon
Simon Locke, blacksmith, Dublin
John Love, J. P., Barree
Edward McHugh, manager, Carbon
Perry Moore, farmer, Morris
Jacob Miller, farmer, Barree
Samuel Musser, farmer, West
Jno. Potter, pump maker, Huntingdon
Levi Putt, farmer, Hopewell
John Stinson, farmer, Carbon
Peter Shaffer of John, farmer, Morris
Jacob Taylor, farmer, Tod
Isaac Taylor, farmer, Tod
Jonathan Walls, farmer, West
David Whitsell, farmer, Oneida
Josiah Curfman, farmer, Cass

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

David Ashton, farmer, Springfield
William Brewster, M. D., Huntingdon
David Bowman, farmer, Shirley
Joseph Bears, farmer, Cromwell
Oliver Curfman, farmer, Tod
Richard Colegate, farmer, Cromwell
Joseph Curfman, farmer, Cass
Robert Cummins, farmer, Jackson
M. F. Campbell, farmer, Union
Oliver Etnier, farmer, Shirley
Levi Evans, J. P., Coalmont
David Foster, distiller, Brady
David Gates, farmer, Franklin
James Gifford, farmer, Tell
Joshua Greenland, farmer, Huntingdon
Samuel Grove, farmer, Brady
Abraham Grubb, carpenter, Walker
William Hughes, farmer, Oneida
Hays Hamilton, manager, Franklin
Andrew Heffner, miller, Walker
William Hampson, mechanic, Shirley
Henry Harris, farmer, Penn
John Ingram, farmer, Franklin
Samuel Kessinger, farmer, Penn
Lewis Knode, farmer, Porter
John M. Leach, mill-wright, Franklin.
Adam Lightner, farmer, West
Christian Miller, farmer, Cass
Jona. McWilliams, farmer, Franklin
John Morrow, farmer, Dublin
William Neff, laborer, Porter
Henry G. Neff, farmer, Porter
Samuel Neff, farmer, Porter
Jacob Nearhoof, farmer, Warriormark
David Peterson, farmer, Dublin
Henry Putt, farmer, Hopewell
John Porter, gentleman, Alexandria
Samuel Steffey, farmer, Jackson
James Stewart, farmer, Jackson
Michael Sprankle, farmer, Morris
David Shoup, mason, Hopewell
George Stever, farmer, Cass
Wilson Watson, plasterer, Walker
Elijah Weston, farmer, Warriormark
John Warfel, farmer, Henderson
A. A. White, farmer, Oneida
Lee Wilson, farmer, Barree
J. D. Boren, inn-keeper, Cassville

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, JULY 16th, 1866, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS. Express P. M.	Mail A. M.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS. Mail P. M.	Express P. M.
LE 5 30	LE 8 00	Huntingdon,	AR 9 05	AR 6 10
5 47	8 20	McConnelstown,	8 48	6 40
5 55	8 32	Pleasant Grove,	8 32	6 40
6 09	8 48	Marklesburg,	8 24	5 26
6 21	9 04	Coffee Run,	8 08	5 12
6 34	9 12	Rough & Ready,	8 00	5 05
6 44	9 24	Cove,	7 49	4 53
6 48	9 28	Fisher's Summit,	7 45	4 49
AR 7 05	AR 9 44	Saxton,	LE 7 30	LE 4 34
LE 7 13	LE 9 54		AR 9 20	AR 4 24
7 34	10 14	Riddlesburg,	6 00	4 04
7 42	10 22	Hopewell,	6 52	3 56
7 54	10 38	Piper's Run,	6 26	3 40
8 10	10 58	Tatesville,	6 16	3 20
8 23	11 09	Bloody Run,	6 04	3 08
AR 8 27	AR 11 12	Mount Dallas,	LE 6 00	LE 3 04

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 7 50	LE 10 20	Saxton,	6 30	4 24
8 05	10 35	Coalmont,	6 15	4 09
8 10	10 40	Crawford,	6 05	3 59
AR 8 20	AR 10 50	Dudley,	6 00	3 54
		Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon July 16, 1866. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

VEGETABLE & FRUIT MARKET

At LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery,

Every Wednesday & Saturday mornings

All kinds of Vegetables and Fruit, Eggs, Butter, &c. bought and taken on commission.

HUNTINGDON, July 17, 1866.

The following were the selling prices on Saturday morning last:

Cabbages, ₰ head	10@25	Peaches, canned	50
Beets, ₰ bunch	10	Pineapple, "	50
Cucumbers, ₰ doz	25	Strawberries"	50
Squashes	5@10	Lima Beans "	50
New Potatoes, ₰ peck	30	Corn, "	50
Onions, ₰ rope	15	Peas, "	50
Beans, ₰ peck	60	Tomatoes, "	40
Peas, "	60	Dried Beans, ₰ quart,	10@12
Dried peaches, ₰ lb	2@50	Dried Peas, "	20
Dried Apples, "	25	Canned oysters, fresh	50
Dried Currants "	30	" " spiced	50
Raisins, ₰ lb	30	In jars, oysters, "	1 00

A full assortment of table sauces always on hand.

☞The P. M. General has established a Mail Route from Cove station Huntingdon & B. T. R. R. to Martinsburg, Blair county—and has established a new office at Fredricksburg, called Clover creek, and appointed S. W. Hahn, P. M. The mail leaves Cove station after the arrival of the mail train A. M. from Huntingdon.

☞There will be preaching in the St. John's Episcopal Church, this place, on next Sabbath, morning and evening. Rev. Mr. Spear of Altoona, will officiate.

Tribute of Respect.

At a special meeting of the Standing Stone Lodge, No. 85, I. O. of G. T., held July 4, 1866, a committee of three was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiment of the Lodge relative to the death of Bro. W. F. Kinsley. The following is submitted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in His all-wise providence to remove from our midst our esteemed brother, friend and companion, WILBUR FISKE KINSLEY; and

Whereas, While we meekly bow to the providence that has bereft us, desiring to express our testimony to his many virtues and Christian character; therefore

Resolved, That the Standing Stone Lodge, No. 85, I. O. of G. T., have received the intelligence of the death of Bro. Kinsley with feelings of profound sorrow.

Resolved, That in the death of Bro. Kinsley the temperance cause has lost one of its most zealous advocates and earnest supporters.

Resolved, That we tender to his parents, brothers, sisters and friends our deepest sympathy in their affliction, and assure them that we will always cherish the memory of our deceased brother with heartfelt gratification.

Resolved, That as a mark of profound respect for the memory of the deceased the Hall of the Lodge be draped in mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the father of the deceased, Rev. Hiram Kinsley, Youngstown, Ohio, that he and his family may have a lasting evidence of the esteem and love we entertained for our departed brother; and that they be published in the county papers.

Committee.

Huntingdon, July 9, 1866.

The Committee appointed at the last meeting of Standing Stone Lodge, I. O. G. T., No. 85, to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiment of the Lodge, in regard to the death of Sister Lizzie Clarke, report as follows:

WHEREAS, The supreme Ruler of the Universe, by an inscrutable dispensation of his all-wise providence, has been pleased to take from our midst by the hand of death, our friend and sister LIZZIE CLARKE; and

Whereas, We desire, as a Lodge, to give expression to the deep feeling of gloom and sorrow which has been created in our hearts by the departure of our sister, who, though but a brief time with us as a member, has by her many virtues, won our affection and esteem, and bound herself to us in the memory of many pleasant associations; therefore

Resolved, That while we bow with humble submission to the will of that God who "doeth all things well," we deeply lament the sad event that has deprived us of the presence of our beloved sister; that while to us her death is an irreparable loss, and has left a vacant place in our number, we rejoice when we know that she has left us for a higher existence and purer joys, to take her place in that throng of redeemed ones, that surround the throne of the Lamb.

Resolved, That we tender to the relatives of our deceased sister, our deep sympathy, in this their hour of trial and bereavement, and that they be presented with a copy of the above preambles and resolutions.

Resolved, That the hall of our Lodge and the regalia of the members be appropriately trimmed with mourning for the period of thirty days.

Resolved, That these preambles and resolutions be entered on the minutes of the Lodge.

COMMITTEE.

Huntingdon, July 16, 1866.

For Sale Cheap

A good second-handed Piano, not very long in use. Inquire at B. M. Greene's Music Store, Huntingdon, Pa.

MARRIED,

On the 3d inst., by J. A. Price, Mr. M. L. KLINE, and Miss REBECCA MILLER, both of Huntingdon.

On the 5th inst., at the Exchange Hotel, by the same, Mr. S. W. ISENBERG and Miss ANNIE S. ISENBERG, both of Alexandria.

On the 12th inst., by the same, Mr. A. A. WILLIAMS, and Miss KATE M. BUPP, both of Huntingdon.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.
July, 16.

Family Flour	$12,00
Extra Flour	$9,75
Superfine Flour	$8,75
Rye Flour	$9,50
Corn Meal	$4,25
Extra White Wheat	$3,20@3,35
Fair and Prime Red	$2,40@2,85
Rye	$1,20
Corn, prime Yellow	$1,05
Oats	70
Barley	75
Cloverseed, ₰64 lbs	$5,75
Timothy	$3,25
Flaxseed	$3,00
Wool	60@70
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.
WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₰ bl	$11,00
Extra flour	$12,00
Family Flour	$13,00
Corn Meal ₰ cwt	$1,70
Buckwheat Meal ₰ cwt	$5,00
Red Wheat	$2,40
White Wheat	$2,50
Corn	80
Oats	65
Barley	70
Rye	$1,00
Cloverseed ₰ 64 lbs	$4,00 @ 5,50
Timothy	$2,75 to 3,00
Flaxseed	$1,75 to 2,05
Rye Chop ₰ cwt	$1,80
Bran ₰ cwt	$1,15
Shorts ₰ cwt	$1,20
Mixed Chop	$1,75
Plaster per ton	$10,00
Beeswax ₰ lb	30
Hops ₰ lb	40 to 60
Rags ₰ lb	4
Beans ₰ bus	$2,00
Feathers ₰ lb	55 to 65
Tallow	10 to 12
Dried Apples ₰ lb	13 to 20
Dried Peaches ₰ lb	18 to 25
Ham	25 to 30
Sides	25
Shoulder	20
Dried Beef	20
Lard	20
Butter	20
Eggs	20
Country Soap	10
Hay ₰ ton	$8,00
Rye Straw ₰ bundle	8
Potatoes ₰ bus	$1,00
Apple Butter ₰ gallon	$1,25
Wool ₰ lb	40 to 45
Large Onions ₰ bus	$1,40
Corn Brooms ₰ doz	$3,00 to 4,50
Chickens	20 to 25
Turkeys	75 to 1,50
Dried Cherries ₰ quart	10

SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars
my17. at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS, Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels, &c., &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE! If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE, 12 WALL STREET.
Cash Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $270,000.
Total Assets, $1,270,000

☞This Company insures against all loss or damage by fire. Inland navigation, transportation, &c. The cost of insuring in this company is no more than the first cost would be in these small Mutual Companies.

With no Assessments!

This Company is made safe by the State laws of New York, which is not the case with the Pennsylvania Insurance Companies.

J. D. STEELE, President. P. NOTHAM, Secretary,
HENRY KIP, Supt. of Agencies.
ANDREW JOHNSTON, Agent,
my1-6m Huntingdon, Penna.
Office formerly occupied by W. H. Woods, Esq., Hill st

GEO. SHAEFFER
Has just returned from the east with a
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,
Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most
REASONABLE PRICES,
and those who purchase once will surely call again.
BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,
and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.
Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of J. J. Fee, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted are requested to make payment and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
SAML. T. BROWN,
JOHN D. FEE,
June, 20, 1866-6t. Executors.

Notice.

THE undersigned Corporators named in the act of Assembly, entitled an Act to incorporate the Pennsylvania Canal Company," approved the first day of May, 1866, will open books and receive subscriptions to the capital stock of said company at the places and times following:

PHILADELPHIA, at Room No. 23, Merchant's Exchange, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 26th day of June, 1866.
HARRISBURG, at the Lochiel House, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 10th day of July, 1866.
HUNTINGDON, at the Morrison House, at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the 19th day of July, 1866.

L. T. Wattson,	Alex. M. Lloyd,	John A. Lemon,
David Blair,	Geo. & Roberts,	James Burns,
T. T. Wierman,	W. J. Howard,	John Lingafelt,
John Scott,	R. B. Wigton,	James Gardner,
John N. Swoope,	J. J. Patterson,	Wm. Dorris, Jr.

may30-2m

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—[Estate of Eliza J. Gilliland, dec'd.] Letters testamentary upon the will and testament of Eliza J Gilliland, late of Union township, Huntingdon County, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned.
A. W. SWOOPE,
May 29, 1866-6t. JOHN GAYTON, Sr., Executors.

TO THE LADIES.
The best assortment of
ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,
Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS
Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY
OF
Choice GROCERIES
JUST RECEIVED
At Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.
Also,
EARLY VEGETABLES
Received fresh from the Philadelphia market every Wednesday and Saturday morning.
Also,
Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.
Also,
Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and
All kinds of Syrups,
such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c
CALL AND SEE.

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
IS NOW
IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.
The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.
GRAIN, of every description,
Bought at this mill.
McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

1000 BUSHELS WHEAT
Wanted at Steam Pearl Mill.
my2 McCAHAN & SON.

FURNITURE!
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
FURNITURE
Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call. Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.
☞Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.
The subscriber has a
NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE,
and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country. J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

NEW GOODS.
G. B. BRUMBAUGH & CO.
Have just received and now offer for sale at
MARKLESBURG, PA.,
A
"VERY SMALL"
But
WELL SELECTED
STOCK OF
Fancy and staple Dry Goods, Ladies' dress Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Glassware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Fish, Salt, &c., &c.
at the very lowest cash prices.
Marklesburg, May 2, 1866tf

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee in packages at one pound, for sale at
LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

WILLOW and CEDAR WARE for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

1866. 1866.
NEW METROPOLITAN
—ooo—
HARDWARE STORE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN
Has removed to the splendid storeroom in his new
MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.
Where he offers at Wholesale and Retail an immense stock and endless variety of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
Paints, Oils, Glass, &c
AT REDUCED PRICES.
TEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.
Having just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a splendid stock, bought since the recent decline in gold, I am now offering great inducements to buyers.
Among my stock may be found
WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS.
TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR
Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Gunsmiths, Shoemakers, Saddlers, Painters, Coachmakers, Cabinet Makers, Machinists, Foundrymen,
And for all other kinds of Mechanics.
FARMERS
Will find in my stock a great variety of Farming Implements of the best quality, such as
Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Garden Trowels, Garden Hoes, Garden Rakes, Grass Hooks,
Pruning Shears, Pruning Saws, Pruning Knives, &c., &c
Every farmer should see the famous
HARPOON HAY FORK!
It is the wonder of the age; and *one trial* convinces the most skeptical that it is the best Hay Fork made.—I have the agency for the sale of these forks for Huntingdon and parts of Bedford and Fulton counties and can fill orders for Forks, pullies and ropes at manufacturers prices.

I have also the celebrated
PALMER HORSE FORKS
Which have given such good satisfaction for the last 3 years, and which I am now selling at greatly reduced prices.
FOR BUILDERS
I have an endless assortment of
LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS, BRADS, PAINTS, GLASS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES, &C.
DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.
Our best mechanics say that the
DUNCANNON NAILS
are the best brought to this market. I have the agency for the sale of these nails and spikes, and
DEALERS, BUILDERS, and others,
can be supplied promptly in quantities from *one pound to one hundred kegs*, at manufacturers' prices.
HARRISBURG STONEWARE,
EARTHENWARE AND HOLLOWWARE,
all sold low for cash.
Cheap
WOODEN PUMPS!
The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing everywhere. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that *every man can put in his own pump*, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.
Thankful for the patronage I have hitherto received I shall continue my endeavors to suit, accommodate and please all, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of public patronage.
JAMES A. BROWN.
Huntingdon, May 16, 1866.

1866. 1866.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon april 10, '66.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. CUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which he offers to all who want to be
CLOTHED,
AT PRICE TO SUIT THE TIMES.
His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for
MEN AND BOYS,
ALSO,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.
Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon, ap. 10, '66.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
D. P. GWIN
INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN,
ap. 10 '66.,

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.
THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of
SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.
ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.
A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well-regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove. Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, ap. 10, 1866

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.
W. LONG would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to the fact that he has just opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Christopher Long, where he will keep constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock of
FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,
such as Lovering's Syrup, N. Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Flour, Fish, Cheese, Rice, Pickles, and Provisions of all kinds.
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
comprising, in part, Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards Corn Brooms, Brushes, Rugs, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, Bags, Trunks, &c. &c.
CANDIES and NUTS of all kinds, wholesale and retail.
TOYS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c.
He respectfully invites a call and examination of his stock, satisfied that his goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other in the place.
WM. LONG.
Huntingdon, March 7, 1866.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!
HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!
THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.
JOHN H. WESTBROOK
Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a NEW and splendid stock of
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.
all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.
A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.
Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Huntingdon, april 12, 1866.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

RAILROAD STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS, JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware. Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES, SLEDGES, HAMMERS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES, SAWS, AUGERS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, FILES, CHISELS, HINGES, SCREWS, LOCKS, BOLTS, PULLEYS, SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties,

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes, Scythes, Hoes, Hay Forks, Trace and Halter Chains, Breast Chains, Cow Ties, Curry Combs, Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar and hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES, CARRIAGE SPRINGS, IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please you.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, February 27, 1865.

PROF. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞ Toothache in one minute.
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more acute and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all those complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an ache or pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label.

I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, applicable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.

J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

DANDELION PILLS,

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE

WORM DESTROYER!

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.

☞ Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa,

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only knew what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.

This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.

☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.

☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.

It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."

☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE,
DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT,
CRAMPS, or
PAINS IN THE STOMACH,
SPRAINS,
and DIARRHŒA.

SOLE AGENT,
SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Price One Dollar.
Price Fifty Cents.

☞ **Agents Wanted to sell the above throughout the Country.**

Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Flat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,

For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,

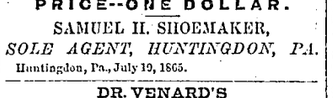
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1866.

SPECTACLES.



A fine and large assortment always on hand

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

THE GREAT MEDICINE!

M'Entyre's INDIAN COMPOUND.

A NEW SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PRICE PER BOTTLE, 50 CTS., and $1,00

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at

LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c., at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BROUGHER'S PATENT EXCELSIOR

BROOM HEAD OR WRAPPER.

PATENTED DECEMBER 26, 1865.

Everybody his own Broom Maker.

This head or Wrapper is constructed of Tin or Zinc, with sliding band and bolts, in connection with the centre bolt passing thro' the handle, holding it secure.

The article to which we call your attention is very simple, light and strong, weighing but SEVEN OUNCES.

The farming community have long needed an article of this character; and the high price of Brooms, together with the simplicity, durability, and practical utility of this invention, makes it more saleable than any other article ever introduced.

☞ We offer borough, township, and family rights for sale on reasonable terms, in the county of Huntingdon.

For further particulars, call and see the subscribers, or address

THOS. G. STRICKLER & SON,
feb7,1866 Huntingdon, Pa.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

LUMBER.

THE undersigned has just received and is now ready to supply the public with

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,

COMPRISING ALL THE DIFFERENT GRADES,

From cullings up to the clear stuff,

From 9 months to 2 years dry!

Also,

PLASTERING LATH, JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,

BUILDING STUFF AND PLANK.

WORKED FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,

DOORS, WINDOW FRAMES, SASHES, &c

at reasonable prices.

Now is the time to buy, before the Spring rush, as Lumber is already advancing, and dry lumber is a scarce article.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON.

Huntingdon, Feb. 27, 1866

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one d. or west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

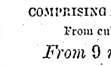
☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
se27 Second floor of Brown's Hardware building

The Old Foundry STILL IN BLAST.



THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore received by strict attention to business, hope to merit and still receive the same, take this method to inform their friends and everybody else, that they are prepared to make all kinds of IRON and BRASS CASTINGS made in a first class Foundry.

We have always on hand all kinds of Plough and Stove Castings, also wash Kettles, cellar-window Grates, coal hole castings for pavements, window weights of all sizes and weights, pipe joints, sled and sleigh soles, wagon boxes, machine castings for steam and water, grist, saw, sumac and plaster mills of all descriptions.

We are prepared to furnish Heaters and Iron Fences of the most improved style, oven doors and frames, door sills and in fact everything made in this line.

We have a very large stock of patterns and can furnish castings at short notice, and cheaper than they can be had in the county. Having a good drill we are prepared to do drilling and fitting up of all kinds.

☞ Highest market price paid for old metal, brass, zinc, lead, &c. J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON.

Office on Railroad street, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. dec27,65

NEW FIRM.

MARBLE YARD

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, as at low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church feb14,1866ly

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MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of Beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1865.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into copartnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1866-tf.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. A. B. LIGHT,

Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, having located at Warriorsmark, offers his professional services to the people of the town and vicinity. He will receive night calls at Chamberlin's Hotel.

May 10, 1866-3m.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH,

Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.

Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden, on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. D. P. MILLER,

Office in room lately occupied by J. Simpson Africa, offers his service to citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. no1-6ms

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DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

WARM SPRINGS, a fashionable summer resort, five miles north of Huntingdon. Extensive accommodations. W. J. Geissinger, Proprietor

---

BOYER & GARNER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Marklesburg station.

WM. WILLIAMS,

Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

ANDREW JOHNSTON, agent for the Niagara Insurance Company, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Guiters, &c., Huntingdon.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

G. B. BRUMBAUGH & CO., dealers in fancy and staple goods, Marklesburg

---

WM. LEWIS & CO, Family Groceries, Provision and Feed Store, Hunt., Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

WM. LONG, Dealer in Candies, Nuts, Family Groceries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON,

Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON, Dealer in all kinds of Lumber, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,

Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,

Dealer in Ready Made Clothing. Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE,

PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

THOMAS G. STRICKLER & SON,

Manufacturers of Brougher's patent Broom Head or Wrapper, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER,

Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturers.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

S. SHOEMAKER, Agent for the Magic Star Liniment, Huntingdon, Pa.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.

Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.

April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the Franklin House in the old bank building, Hill street, Huntingdon.

April 12, 1866.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. J. J. & J. D. FEE,

may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE,

Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

☞ I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.

May 16, 1866-tf.

K. ALLEN LOVELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE—In the brick row, opposite the Court House. may3.1866

J. W. MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.

MATTERN & SIPE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AND

LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill street.

Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my29-1y

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AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.

May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SEWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.

THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to

BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE,

under which name they will hereafter practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.

Office formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb0,1866

MUSIC

THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawm—The Jubilee—Hunten's and Bertini's enlarged and improved Instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE

mar7'66 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS

at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

GOLD

RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT,

For which Certificates will be Issued,

Bearing Interest In GOLD.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 35, SOUTH 3D STREET,
Je.27,1m. Philadelphia.

DISABLED MEN---ATTENTION.

WANTED—One or two men, for Huntingdon and vicinity, who have lost either an arm or a leg, to sell Hudnworth's *water proof Arnica healing Plaster, the best and cheapest* Court Plaster in the market. From $5 to $10 per day can be made. Address, with 25 cents for sample and full information, A. F. BELCHER, Box 45, Philadelphia. N. B.—All agents and peddlers would find it to their interest to answer the above. ap.18-3m

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$1,500 PER YEAR.—We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Batchelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements* and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine; or Chicago, Ill. dc30-1y

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JAMES H. ELDREDGE. GEO. P. ELDREDGE.

ELDREDGE & BRO.,

Publishers, Stationers, Booksellers,

No. 17 and 19 South Sixth Street,

(Above Chestnut,) PHILADELPHIA.

Particular attention paid to the country trade.

Always on hand a large supply of Letter, Cap, Note Bill, and Wrapping Paper; Envelopes; School and Miscellaneous Books; Pens, Ink, Slates, Mucilage, Photograph Albums, Paper Bags, &c., &c., &c.

Liberal terms to cash customers. aug28,'65-1y

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE, superior to any now in the city.

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

TO ALL BOOK BUYERS.

JAS. K. SIMON, 33 south Sixth street, Philadelphia, is agent for the following valuable books:

Appleton's New American Cyclopedia—16 Vols.
" History of the Rebellion—1 large Vol.
" Dictionary of Mechanics—2 vols.
Rebellion Record, by Frank Moore—9 "
Washington Irving's Works, 22 "
Cooper's Novels. Dicken's Works.
Merivale & Gibbon's Rome.
Macauley's Works.
Ure's Dictionary of Arts and Manufactures.
Bancroft's United States—8 vols. &c., &c.

I furnish all books published, for public and private Libraries, at wholesale prices. Send a list of any Books wanted, with a stamp, for prices, which will be sent by return mail. my23 3m

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INVENTORS' OFFICES.

D'EPINEUIL & EVANS,

Civil Engineers and Patent Solicitors,

No. 435 Walnut St., Philada.

Patents solicited—Consultations on Engineering, Draughting and Sketches, Models and Machinery of all kinds made and skilfully attended to. Special attention given to REJECTED CASES and INTERFERENCES.—Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent Office procured.

N. B.—Save yourselves useless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with these Offices, can be transacted in writing. For further information direct as above with stamp enclosed, for Circular with references.

January17, 1866-1y

The Celebrated Wrought Iron

AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

(With patent Dust Screen,)

Manufactured by

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

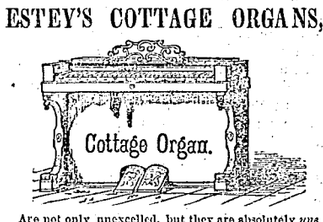
N. W. Corner 13th and Filbert street, Phila.

The firm of Bartlett & Reynolds having this day, June 30, 1866, dissolved, the undersigned will continue to manufacture their justly celebrated Heater at the old stand. It is the only one perfectly adapted to the burning of bituminous coal.

☞ Send for illustrated pamphlet!

jy10 2m J. REYNOLDS & SON.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS,



Are not only unexcelled, but they are absolutely *unequalled* by any other Reed Instrument in the country.—Designed expressly for Churches and schools, they are found to be equally well adapted to the parlor and drawing room.

For sale only by E. M. BRUCE,
No. 18 North SEVENTH street, Philadelphia.

☞ Also, BRADBURY'S PIANOS, and a complete assortment of the PERFECT MELODEON. se17-1y

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E. REMINGTON & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

REVOLVERS, RIFLES,

MUSKETS AND CARBINES,

For the United States service. Also,

POCKET AND BELT REVOLVERS,

REPEATING PISTOLS,

RIFLE CANES REVOLVING RIFLES,

Rifle and Shot Gun Barrels, and Gun Materials sold by Gun Dealers and the trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and robbery, every house, store, bank, and office, should have one of

Remingtons' Revolvers.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in pistols, and superior workmanship and form, will find all combined in the new

REMINGTON REVOLVERS.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our arms will be furnished on application.

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